

RESOURCES FOR ADDING NATIVE PLANTS TO YOUR GARDEN*

To learn more about Professor Doug Tallamy's recommendations for gardening for wildlife, I heartily recommend his best-selling book, **Nature's Best Hope. A New Approach to Conservation that Starts in Your Yard**. I also recommend watching any of his recent presentations posted on YouTube. One that focuses on the west coast was given in California on June 27, 2020 (<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=PKe0UzqazuU>). Like his other presentations, it contains excellent information and specific advice about what we can do to improve the habitat in our gardens – whatever their size -- so birds, insects and other wildlife can thrive in our midst.

How to Select and Grow Native Plants

Printed publications

- Tonie Fitzgerald and Michael Terrell, *Landscaping with Natives in the Inland Northwest*, WSU Coop Extension, Spokane County misc0267
- Arthur R. Kruckeberg, *Gardening with Native Plants of the Pacific Northwest*, (1982, 1996, 2019)
- Russell Link, *Landscaping for Wildlife in the Pacific Northwest*

Useful Websites

- National Wildlife Federation, *Gardening for Wildlife*: <https://www.nwf.org/garden>
- National Audubon Society: <https://www.audubon.org/plantsforbirds>; click on the Native Plants Database and type in your zip code to get specific recommendations.
- Washington Native Plant Society, <https://www.wnps.org/native-gardening> provides a plant directory with several hundred native plants, including photos and valuable information on their habitat needs.
- <https://your.kingcounty.gov/dnrp/library/water-and-land/yard-and-garden/native-plant-guide-western-washington.pdf> offers advice on choosing and planting plants and provides sample planting designs for western WA with the following conditions: sunny/dry, sunny/moist, shady/dry and shady/moist.

Where to buy native plants and seeds

The Washington Native Plant Society's website has *a list of 51 nurseries that sell native plants*, sorted alphabetically by 1) retail plants 2) retail seeds and 3) wholesale plants and seeds, in WA, OR and British Columbia: <https://wnps.org/content//documents/plants/gardening/native-plant-seed-source-32021.pdf>

King County Lands Division has *a list of 89 native plant nurseries in Washington State sorted by location*: <https://kingcounty.gov/services/environment/stewardship/nw-yard-and-garden/native-plant-nurseries-washington.aspx>

* This list of resources is in no way comprehensive. It is offered as a starting point for exploration.

Hostplants for Butterflies and Moths in WA

To date, no one has compiled a comprehensive list of hostplants at the species level for the moths and butterflies of the Pacific Northwest. However, David Droppers created a plant guide for a butterfly garden that may be helpful in deciding among plant options for your garden because moths use many of the same hostplants that butterflies use.

Butterfly Garden Plant Guide

Prepared by David Droppers

Butterfly Garden

Plant Guide

* = highly recommended for a garden setting

Trees

	Rating	Nectar	Host	Exposure	Soil	Bloom	Birds?
Cherry (<i>Prunus emarginata</i>)	*	x	x	Full to partial	Moist to dry	Spring	Yes
Pacific Madrone (<i>Arbutus menziesii</i>)		x	x	Full to partial	Dry	Spring to E summer	Yes
Quaking Aspen (<i>Populus tremuloides</i>)			x	Full sun	Wet to moist		
Willow (<i>Salix</i>)	*	x	x	Full to partial	Wet to dry	Spring	Yes

Shrubs

Mock Orange (<i>Philadelphus lewisii</i>)	*	x		Full to partial	Moist to dry	Summer	Yes
Oceanspray (<i>Holodiscus discolor</i>)	*		x	Full to partial	Moist to dry	Summer	Yes
Red-osier Dogwood (<i>Cornus stolonifera</i>)		x	x	Full to partial	Wet to moist	Spring	Yes
Rhododendron (<i>Rhododendron</i>)	*	x		Full to partial	Moist to dry	L spring to mid summer	Yes
Wild Lilac (<i>Ceanothus</i>)	*	x	x	Full to partial	Dry	Spring	Yes
Hardhack (<i>Spiraea douglasii</i>)		x	x	Full to partial	Wet to moist	Summer	Yes
Chaste Tree (<i>Vitex agnus-catus</i>)	*	x		Full to partial	Moist to dry	Summer , E fall	
Hawthorn (<i>Crataegus douglasii</i>)			x	Full to partial	Moist to dry	L spring to E summer	Yes
Kinnikinnik (<i>Arctostaphylos uva-ursi</i>)	*	x	x	Full to partial	Moist to dry	Spring	Yes

Plant Guide	Rating	Nectar	Host	Exposure	Soil	Bloom Spring to E summer	Birds?
Lilac (<i>Syringa vulgaris</i>)	*	x		Full to partial	Moist to dry		
Perennials							
Aster (<i>Aster</i>)	*	x		Full	Moist to dry	L summer to fall	
Pearly Everlasting (<i>Anaphlis margaritacea</i>)	*	x	x	Full to partial	Moist to dry	Summer	
Milkweed (<i>Asclepias</i>)	*	x	x	Full sun	Moist to dry	Summer	
Bleeding Heart (<i>Dicentra</i>)			x	Partial to shade	Moist		Yes
Lupine (<i>Lupinus</i>)	*		x	Full to partial	Moist to dry	Summer	Yes
Stinging Nettle (<i>Urtica dioica</i>)			x	Partial to shade	Wet to moist		
Giant Hyssop (<i>Agastache foeniculum</i>)	*	x		Full sun	Moist to dry	Summer to E fall	
Coneflower (<i>Echinacea purpurea</i>)	*	x		Full sun	Moist to dry	Summer L summer to fall	
Goldenrod (<i>Solidago</i>)		x		Full sun	Moist to dry	fall	Yes
Fireweed (<i>Epilobium angustifolium</i>)		x		Full to partial	Moist to dry	Summer L spring to summer	Yes
Fleabane (<i>Erigeron</i>)	*	x		Full to partial	Moist to dry	Summer	
Blazing Star (<i>Liatris</i>)	*	x		Full to partial	Moist to dry	Summer	
Annuals and Herbs							
Marigold	*	x		Full sun	Moist to dry	Summer to fall	
Cosmos	*	x		Full to partial	Moist to dry	Summer	
Zinnia	*	x		Full sun	Moist to dry	Summer Summer to E fall	
Lavender	*	x		Full sun	Moist to dry	Summer	
Oregano	*	x		Full sun	Dry	Summer	
Sweet William (<i>Dianthus</i>)	*	x		Full to partial	Moist	Summer	

By no means is this list complete!

There is more experimentation and observation that needs done.

Be adventurous, try something new, and share your results.

The **National Wildlife Federation**, in cooperation with Prof. Doug Tallamy, has created lists of the Top 30 Keystone Plant Genera as well as the Top 30 Keystone Plant Genera for Butterfly and Moth Caterpillars for three different ecoregions in WA State. These lists are available at the following web addresses:

- Northwest Forested Mountains – Ecoregion 6: <https://nwf.org/-/media/Documents/PDFs/Garden-for-Wildlife/Keystone-Plants/NWF-GFW-keystone-plant-list-ecoregion-6-northwestern-forested-mountains.ashx?la=en&hash=66AD9C24D92FE3D0BD622A5A5062D4BE76A4E52C>
- Marine West Coast Forest - Ecoregion 7 <https://nwf.org/-/media/Documents/PDFs/Garden-for-Wildlife/Keystone-Plants/NWF-GFW-keystone-plant-list-ecoregion-7-marine-west-coast-forest.ashx?la=en&hash=42F2C85CBCF89CDBD91BBA6DC872EEA25482186E>
- North American Deserts. <https://nwf.org/-/media/Documents/PDFs/Garden-for-Wildlife/Keystone-Plants/NWF-GFW-keystone-plant-list-ecoregion-10-north-american-deserts.ashx?la=en&hash=77BBCF0E0C5E71C65733412B56C329B5DE6E92CF>

How to Identify Moths in the Pacific Northwest

To learn more about and to identify moths in the Pacific Northwest, please consult the following websites:

- Moth Photographers Group: mothphotographersgroup.msstate.edu
- Bug Guide: <https://bugguide.net>
- Butterflies and Moths of N. America: <https://www.butterfliesandmoths.org>